

## BATTERY PROTECTION IC FOR 3-SERIAL- OR 4-SERIAL-CELL PACK

The S-8254A Series is a protection IC for 3-serial- or 4-serial-cell lithium-ion / lithium polymer rechargeable batteries and includes a high-accuracy voltage detector and delay circuit.

The S-8254A Series protects both 3-serial or 4-serial cells using the SEL pin for switching.

### ■ Features

- (1) High-accuracy voltage detection for each cell
 

|                                                  |                              |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| • Overcharge detection voltage n (n = 1 to 4)    | 3.9 V to 4.4 V (50 mV step)  | Accuracy ±25 mV  |
| • Overcharge release voltage n (n = 1 to 4)      | 3.8 V to 4.4 V <sup>*1</sup> | Accuracy ±50 mV  |
| • Overdischarge detection voltage n (n = 1 to 4) | 2.0 V to 3.0 V (100 mV step) | Accuracy ±80 mV  |
| • Overdischarge release voltage n (n = 1 to 4)   | 2.0 V to 3.4 V <sup>*2</sup> | Accuracy ±100 mV |
- (2) Three-level overcurrent protection
 

|                                   |                               |                  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| • Overcurrent detection voltage 1 | 0.05 V to 0.30 V (50 mV step) | Accuracy ±25 mV  |
| • Overcurrent detection voltage 2 | 0.5 V                         | Accuracy ±100 mV |
| • Overcurrent detection voltage 3 | $V_{VC1} - 1.2 \text{ V}$     | Accuracy ±300 mV |
- (3) Delay times for overcharge detection, overdischarge detection and overcurrent detection 1 can be set by external capacitors (delay times for overcurrent detection 2 and 3 are fixed internally).
- (4) Switchable between a 3-serial cell and 4-serial cell using the SEL pin
- (5) Charge/discharge operation can be controlled via the control pins.
- (6) High-withstand voltage                      Absolute maximum rating : 26 V
- (7) Wide operating voltage range              2 V to 24 V
- (8) Wide operating temperature range        -40°C to + 85°C
- (9) Low current consumption
 

|                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| • During operation  | 30 µA max. (+25°C)  |
| • During power-down | 0.1 µA max. (+25°C) |
- (10) Lead-free, Sn100%, halogen-free<sup>\*3</sup>

<sup>\*1</sup>. Overcharge hysteresis voltage n (n = 1 to 4) can be selected as 0 V or from a range of 0.1 V to 0.4 V in 50 mV steps.

(Overcharge hysteresis voltage = Overcharge detection voltage – Overcharge release voltage)

<sup>\*2</sup>. Overdischarge hysteresis voltage n (n = 1 to 4) can be selected as 0 V or from a range of 0.2 V to 0.7 V in 100 mV steps.

(Overdischarge hysteresis voltage = Overdischarge release voltage – Overdischarge detection voltage)

<sup>\*3</sup>. Refer to “■ Product Name Structure” for details.

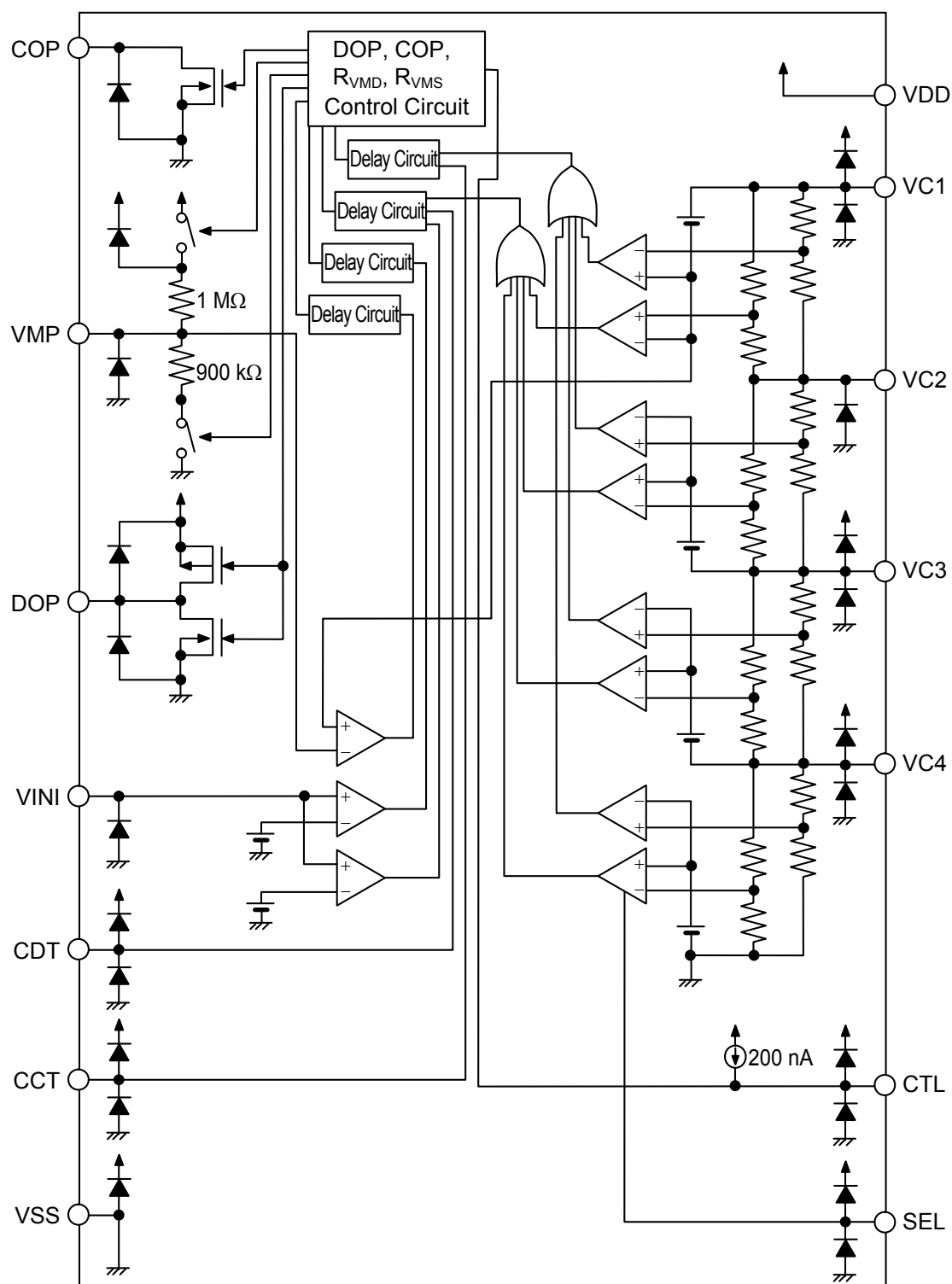
### ■ Applications

- Lithium-ion rechargeable battery packs
- Lithium polymer rechargeable battery packs

### ■ Package

- 16-Pin TSSOP

■ **Block Diagram**

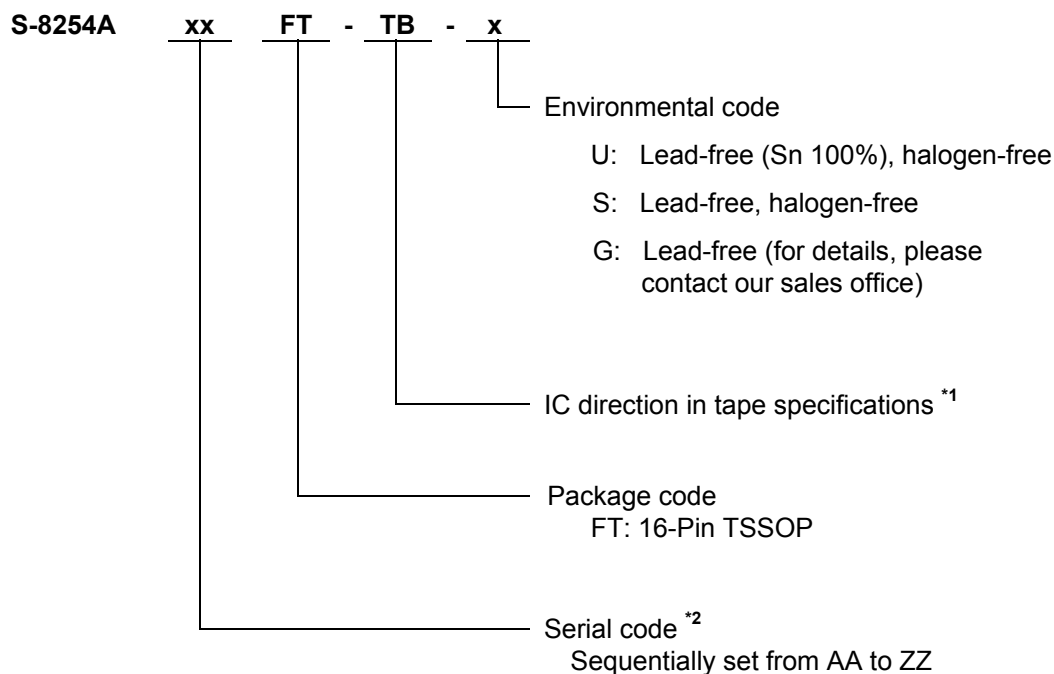


- Remark**
1. Diodes in the figure are parasitic diodes.
  2. Numerical values are typical values.

**Figure 1**

## ■ Product Name Structure

### 1. Product Name



<sup>\*1</sup>. Refer to the tape drawing.

<sup>\*2</sup>. Refer to "3. Product Name List".

### 2. Package

| Package name |                           | Package      | Tape         | Reel         |
|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 16-Pin TSSOP | Environmental code = G, S | FT016-A-P-SD | FT016-A-C-SD | FT016-A-R-SD |
|              | Environmental code = U    | FT016-A-P-SD | FT016-A-C-SD | FT016-A-R-S1 |

### 3. Product Name List

**Table 1**

| Product name / Item | Overcharge detection voltage [V <sub>CU</sub> ] | Overcharge release voltage [V <sub>CL</sub> ] | Overdischarge detection voltage [V <sub>DL</sub> ] | Overdischarge release voltage [V <sub>DU</sub> ] | Overcurrent detection voltage 1 [V <sub>IOV1</sub> ] | 0 V battery charge function |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| S-8254AAAFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AABFT-TB-x    | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAEFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAFFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAGFT-TB-x    | 4.275 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.075 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.30 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.13 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAHFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAIFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAJFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.15 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAKFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.70 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AALFT-TB-x    | 4.300 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAMFT-TB-x    | 4.200 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.100 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.50 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AANFT-TB-x    | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.50 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAOFT-TB-x    | 4.300 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.080 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.50 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAPFT-TB-x    | 4.280 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.130 ± 0.050 V                               | 3.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.080 V                                   | 0.15 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAQFT-TB-x    | 3.900 ± 0.025 V                                 | 3.800 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.30 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AARFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.80 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AASFT-TB-x    | 4.290 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.090 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.30 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.075 ± 0.025 V                                      | Available                   |
| S-8254AATFT-TB-x    | 4.200 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.200 ± 0.025 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAUFT-TB-x    | 4.350 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Unavailable                 |
| S-8254AAVFT-TB-x    | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.70 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAWFT-TB-x    | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.100 ± 0.050 V                               | 3.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.20 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Unavailable                 |
| S-8254AAXFT-TB-x    | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.100 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.15 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAYFT-TB-x    | 4.275 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.125 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254AAZFT-TB-x    | 4.250 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.13 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABAFT-TB-x    | 3.900 ± 0.025 V                                 | 3.800 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.50 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.15 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABBFT-TB-x    | 4.200 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.200 ± 0.025 V                               | 2.50 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.20 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.30 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABCFT-TB-x    | 4.175 ± 0.025 V                                 | 3.975 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.75 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.05 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABDFT-TB-y    | 4.300 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.100 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                   | 0.13 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABEFT-TB-y    | 4.200 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.150 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.50 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.15 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABFFT-TB-x    | 4.150 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.050 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.13 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABGFT-TB-x    | 4.180 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.080 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.00 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.70 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.13 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABHFT-TB-y    | 4.150 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.050 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.50 ± 0.080 V                                     | 2.80 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.10 ± 0.025 V                                       | Available                   |
| S-8254ABIFT-TB-x    | 4.215 ± 0.025 V                                 | 4.115 ± 0.050 V                               | 2.40 ± 0.080 V                                     | 3.00 ± 0.100 V                                   | 0.20 ± 0.025 V                                       | Unavailable                 |

**Remark** 1. Please contact our sales office for the products with the detection voltage value other than those specified above.

2. x: G or U

y: S or U

3. Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

## ■ Pin Configuration

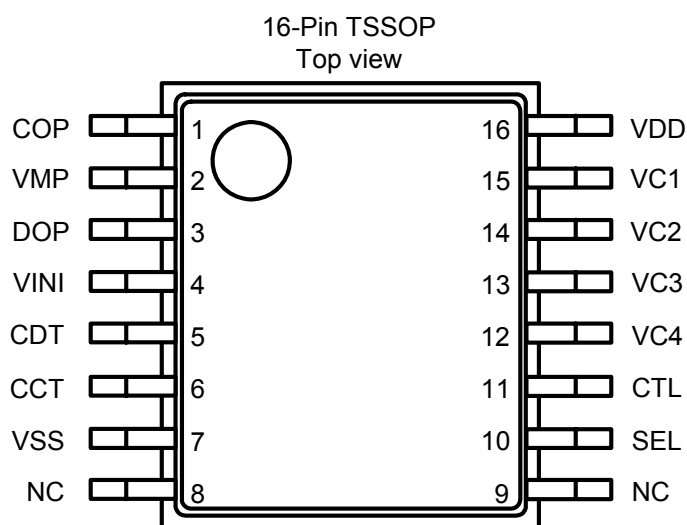


Figure 2

Table 2

| Pin No. | Symbol           | Description                                                                                                                |
|---------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | COP              | FET gate connection pin for charge control (Nch open drain output)                                                         |
| 2       | VMP              | Pin for voltage detection between VC1 and VMP (Pin for overcurrent 3 detection)                                            |
| 3       | DOP              | FET gate connection pin for discharge control FET (CMOS output)                                                            |
| 4       | VINI             | Pin for voltage detection between VSS and VINI (Pin for overcurrent detection 1,2)                                         |
| 5       | CDT              | Capacitor connection pin for delay for overdischarge detection, delay for overcurrent detection 1                          |
| 6       | CCT              | Capacitor connection pin for delay for overcharge current                                                                  |
| 7       | VSS              | Input pin for negative power supply,<br>Connection pin for battery 4's negative voltage                                    |
| 8       | NC <sup>*1</sup> | No connection                                                                                                              |
| 9       | NC <sup>*1</sup> | No connection                                                                                                              |
| 10      | SEL              | Pin for switching 3-series or 4-series cell<br>V <sub>SS</sub> level: 3-series cell, V <sub>DD</sub> level : 4-series cell |
| 11      | CTL              | Control of charge FET and discharge FET                                                                                    |
| 12      | VC4              | Connection pin for battery 3's negative voltage,<br>Connection pin for battery 4's positive voltage                        |
| 13      | VC3              | Connection pin for battery 2's negative voltage,<br>Connection pin for battery 3's positive voltage                        |
| 14      | VC2              | Connection pin for battery 1's negative voltage,<br>Connection pin for battery 2's positive voltage                        |
| 15      | VC1              | Connection pin for battery 1's positive voltage                                                                            |
| 16      | VDD              | Input pin for positive power supply,<br>Connection pin for battery 1's positive voltage                                    |

\*1. The NC pin is electrically open. The NC pin can be connected to VDD or VSS.

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

**Table 3**

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item                              | Symbol           | Applied pin                                        | Absolute Maximum Ratings                       | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------|
| Input voltage between VDD and VSS | V <sub>DS</sub>  | —                                                  | V <sub>SS</sub> – 0.3 to V <sub>SS</sub> + 26  | V    |
| Input pin voltage                 | V <sub>IN</sub>  | VC1, VC2, VC3,<br>VC4, CTL, SEL,<br>CCT, CDT, VINI | V <sub>SS</sub> – 0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| VMP pin input voltage             | V <sub>VMP</sub> | VMP                                                | V <sub>SS</sub> – 0.3 to V <sub>SS</sub> + 26  | V    |
| DOP pin output voltage            | V <sub>DOP</sub> | DOP                                                | V <sub>SS</sub> – 0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| COP pin output voltage            | V <sub>COP</sub> | COP                                                | V <sub>SS</sub> – 0.3 to V <sub>SS</sub> + 26  | V    |
| Power dissipation                 | P <sub>D</sub>   | —                                                  | 400 (When not mounted on board)                | mW   |
|                                   |                  | —                                                  | 1100 <sup>*1</sup>                             | mW   |
| Operating ambient temperature     | T <sub>opr</sub> | —                                                  | – 40 to + 85                                   | °C   |
| Storage temperature               | T <sub>stg</sub> | —                                                  | – 40 to + 125                                  | °C   |

\*1. When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

(1) Board size : 114.3 mm × 76.2 mm × t1.6 mm

(2) Board name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

**Caution** The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

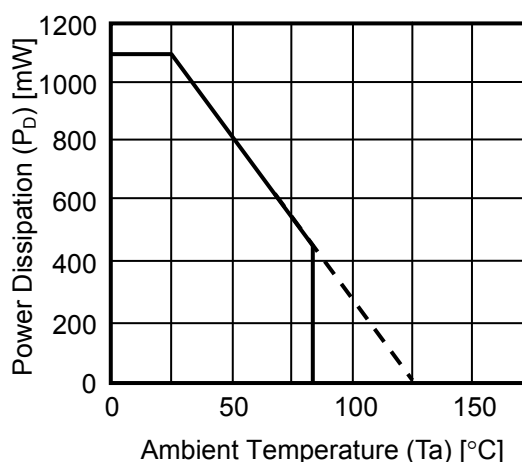


**Figure 3 Power Dissipation of Package (When Mounted on Board)**

## ■ Electrical Characteristics

**Table 4 (1 / 2)**

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item                                                  | Symbol                      | Conditions                       | Min.                                   | Typ.                        | Max.                                   | Unit    | Test circuit |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| <b>[ DETECTION VOLTAGE ]</b>                          |                             |                                  |                                        |                             |                                        |         |              |
| Overcharge detection voltage n<br>(n = 1, 2, 3, 4)    | V <sub>CU<sub>n</sub></sub> | 3.9 V to 4.4 V, Adjustable       | V <sub>CU<sub>n</sub></sub><br>− 0.025 | V <sub>CU<sub>n</sub></sub> | V <sub>CU<sub>n</sub></sub><br>+ 0.025 | V       | 2            |
| Overcharge release voltage n<br>(n = 1, 2, 3, 4)      | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub> | 3.8 V to 4.4 V,<br>Adjustable    | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub><br>− 0.05  | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub> | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub><br>+ 0.05  | V       | 2            |
|                                                       |                             |                                  | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub><br>− 0.025 | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub> | V <sub>CL<sub>n</sub></sub><br>+ 0.025 | V       | 2            |
| Overdischarge detection voltage n<br>(n = 1, 2, 3, 4) | V <sub>DL<sub>n</sub></sub> | 2.0 V to 3.0 V, Adjustable       | V <sub>DL<sub>n</sub></sub><br>− 0.08  | V <sub>DL<sub>n</sub></sub> | V <sub>DL<sub>n</sub></sub><br>+ 0.08  | V       | 2            |
| Overdischarge release voltage n<br>(n = 1, 2, 3, 4)   | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub> | 2.0 V to 3.4 V,<br>Adjustable    | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub><br>− 0.10  | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub> | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub><br>+ 0.10  | V       | 2            |
|                                                       |                             |                                  | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub><br>− 0.08  | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub> | V <sub>DU<sub>n</sub></sub><br>+ 0.08  | V       | 2            |
| Overcurrent detection voltage 1                       | V <sub>IOV1</sub>           | 0.05 V to 0.3 V, Adjustable      | V <sub>IOV1</sub><br>− 0.025           | V <sub>IOV1</sub>           | V <sub>IOV1</sub><br>+ 0.025           | V       | 2            |
| Overcurrent detection voltage 2                       | V <sub>IOV2</sub>           | —                                | 0.4                                    | 0.5                         | 0.6                                    | V       | 2            |
| Overcurrent detection voltage 3                       | V <sub>IOV3</sub>           | —                                | V <sub>VC1</sub><br>− 1.5              | V <sub>VC1</sub><br>− 1.2   | V <sub>VC1</sub><br>− 0.9              | V       | 2            |
| Temperature coefficient 1 <sup>*1</sup>               | T <sub>COE1</sub>           | Ta = 0°C to 50°C <sup>*3</sup>   | − 1.0                                  | 0                           | 1.0                                    | mV / °C | 2            |
| Temperature coefficient 2 <sup>*2</sup>               | T <sub>COE2</sub>           | Ta = 0°C to 50°C <sup>*3</sup>   | − 0.5                                  | 0                           | 0.5                                    | mV / °C | 2            |
| <b>[ DELAY TIME ]</b>                                 |                             |                                  |                                        |                             |                                        |         |              |
| Overcharge detection delay time                       | t <sub>CU</sub>             | CCT pin capacitance = 0.1 μF     | 0.5                                    | 1.0                         | 1.5                                    | s       | 3            |
| Overdischarge detection delay time                    | t <sub>DL</sub>             | CDT pin capacitance = 0.1 μF     | 50                                     | 100                         | 150                                    | ms      | 3            |
| Overcurrent detection delay time 1                    | t <sub>IOV1</sub>           | CDT pin capacitance = 0.1 μF     | 5                                      | 10                          | 15                                     | ms      | 3            |
| Overcurrent detection delay time 2                    | t <sub>IOV2</sub>           | —                                | 0.4                                    | 1                           | 1.6                                    | ms      | 3            |
| Overcurrent detection delay time 3                    | t <sub>IOV3</sub>           | FET gate capacitance = 2000 pF   | 100                                    | 300                         | 600                                    | μs      | 3            |
| <b>[ 0 V BATTERY CHARGE FUNCTION ]</b>                |                             |                                  |                                        |                             |                                        |         |              |
| 0 V battery charge starting charger voltage           | V <sub>0CHA</sub>           | 0 V battery charging available   | —                                      | 0.8                         | 1.5                                    | V       | 4            |
| 0 V battery charge inhibition battery voltage         | V <sub>0INH</sub>           | 0 V battery charging unavailable | 0.4                                    | 0.7                         | 1.1                                    | V       | 4            |
| <b>[ INTERNAL RESISTANCE ]</b>                        |                             |                                  |                                        |                             |                                        |         |              |
| Resistance between VMP and VDD                        | R <sub>VMD</sub>            | —                                | 0.5                                    | 1                           | 1.5                                    | MΩ      | 5            |
| Resistance between VMP and VSS                        | R <sub>VMS</sub>            | —                                | 450                                    | 900                         | 1800                                   | kΩ      | 5            |

**Table 4 (2 / 2)**

(Ta = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Item                                  | Symbol            | Conditions                                                       | Min.                  | Typ.  | Max.                  | Unit | Test circuit |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|------|--------------|
| <b>[ INPUT VOLTAGE ]</b>              |                   |                                                                  |                       |       |                       |      |              |
| Operating voltage between VDD and VSS | V <sub>DSOP</sub> | Output voltage of DOP and COP fixed                              | 2                     | —     | 24                    | V    | 2            |
| CTL input voltage "H"                 | V <sub>CTLH</sub> | —                                                                | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.8 | —     | —                     | V    | 2            |
| CTL input voltage "L"                 | V <sub>CTLL</sub> | —                                                                | —                     | —     | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.2 | V    | 2            |
| SEL input voltage "H"                 | V <sub>SELH</sub> | —                                                                | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.8 | —     | —                     | V    | 2            |
| SEL input voltage "L"                 | V <sub>SELL</sub> | —                                                                | —                     | —     | V <sub>DD</sub> × 0.2 | V    | 2            |
| <b>[ INPUT CURRENT ]</b>              |                   |                                                                  |                       |       |                       |      |              |
| Current consumption during operation  | I <sub>OPE</sub>  | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V                                        | —                     | 12    | 30                    | μA   | 1            |
| Current consumption during power-down | I <sub>PDN</sub>  | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 1.5 V                                        | —                     | —     | 0.1                   | μA   | 1            |
| VC1 pin current                       | I <sub>VC1</sub>  | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V                                        | —                     | 1.5   | 3                     | μA   | 5            |
| VC2 pin current                       | I <sub>VC2</sub>  | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V                                        | − 0.3                 | 0     | 0.3                   | μA   | 5            |
| VC3 pin current                       | I <sub>VC3</sub>  | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V                                        | − 0.3                 | 0     | 0.3                   | μA   | 5            |
| VC4 pin current                       | I <sub>VC4</sub>  | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V                                        | − 0.3                 | 0     | 0.3                   | μA   | 5            |
| CTL pin current "H"                   | I <sub>CTLH</sub> | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V,<br>V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> | —                     | —     | 0.1                   | μA   | 5            |
| CTL pin current "L"                   | I <sub>CTLL</sub> | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V,<br>V <sub>CTL</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> | − 0.4                 | − 0.2 | —                     | μA   | 5            |
| SEL pin current "H"                   | I <sub>SELH</sub> | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V,<br>V <sub>SEL</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> | —                     | —     | 0.1                   | μA   | 5            |
| SEL pin current "L"                   | I <sub>SELL</sub> | V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 V,<br>V <sub>SEL</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> | − 0.1                 | —     | —                     | μA   | 5            |
| <b>[ OUTPUT CURRENT ]</b>             |                   |                                                                  |                       |       |                       |      |              |
| COP pin leakage current               | I <sub>COH</sub>  | V <sub>COP</sub> = 24 V                                          | —                     | —     | 0.1                   | μA   | 5            |
| COP pin sink current                  | I <sub>COL</sub>  | V <sub>COP</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.5 V                       | 10                    | —     | —                     | μA   | 5            |
| DOP pin source current                | I <sub>DOH</sub>  | V <sub>DOP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> − 0.5 V                       | 10                    | —     | —                     | μA   | 5            |
| DOP pin sink current                  | I <sub>DOL</sub>  | V <sub>DOP</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.5 V                       | 10                    | —     | —                     | μA   | 5            |

\*1. Voltage temperature coefficient 1 : Overcharge detection voltage

\*2. Voltage temperature coefficient 2 : Overcurrent detection voltage 1

\*3. Since products are not screened at high and low temperature, the specification for this temperature range is guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

## ■ Test Circuits

This chapter describes how to test the S-8254A Series when a 4-serial cell is selected by setting the SEL pin to the VDD level. When a 3-serial cell is selected by setting the SEL pin to the VSS level, short the power supply V4.

### 1. Current Consumption during Operation, Current Consumption during Power-down (Test circuit 1)

#### 1. 1 Current Consumption during operation ( $I_{OPE}$ )

The current at the VSS pin when  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{VMP} = V_{DD}$  is the current consumption during operation ( $I_{OPE}$ ).

#### 1. 2 Current Consumption during power-down ( $I_{PDN}$ )

The current at the VSS pin when  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 1.5 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{VMP} = V_{SS}$  is the current consumption during power-down ( $I_{PDN}$ ).

### 2. Overcharge Detection Voltage, Overcharge Release Voltage, Overdischarge Detection Voltage, Overdischarge Release Voltage, Overcurrent Detection Voltage 1, Overcurrent Detection Voltage 2, Overcurrent Detection Voltage 3, CTL Input Voltage "H", CTL Input Voltage "L", SEL Input Voltage "H", SEL Input Voltage "L" (Test circuit 2)

Confirm that the COP pin and DOP pin are low ( $V_{DD} \times 0.1 \text{ V}$  or lower) when  $V_{VMP} = V_{SEL} = V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{INI} = V_{CTL} = V_{SS}$ , the CCT pin is open, the CDT pin is open, and  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5 \text{ V}$  (this status is referred to as the initial status).

#### 2. 1 Overcharge Detection Voltage ( $V_{CU1}$ ), Overcharge Release Voltage ( $V_{CL1}$ )

The overcharge detection voltage ( $V_{CU1}$ ) is the voltage of V1 when the voltage of the COP pin is "H" ( $V_{DD} \times 0.9 \text{ V}$  or more) after the V1 voltage has been gradually increased starting at the initial status. The overcharge release voltage ( $V_{CL1}$ ) is the voltage of V1 when the voltage at the COP pin is "L" after the V1 voltage has been gradually decreased.

#### 2. 2 Overdischarge Detection Voltage ( $V_{DL1}$ ), Overdischarge Release Voltage ( $V_{DU1}$ )

The overdischarge detection voltage ( $V_{DL1}$ ) is the voltage of V1 when the voltage of the DOP pin is "H" after the V1 voltage has been gradually decreased starting at the initial status. The overdischarge release voltage ( $V_{DU1}$ ) is the voltage of V1 when the voltage at the DOP pin is "L" after the V1 voltage has been gradually increased.

When the voltage of  $V_n$  ( $n = 2$  to  $4$ ) is changed, the overcharge detection voltage ( $V_{CU_n}$ ), overcharge release voltage ( $V_{CL_n}$ ), overdischarge detection voltage ( $V_{DL_n}$ ), and overdischarge release voltage ( $V_{DU_n}$ ) can be determined in the same way as when  $n = 1$ .

#### 2. 3 Overcurrent Detection Voltage 1 ( $V_{IOV1}$ )

Overcurrent detection voltage 1 ( $V_{IOV1}$ ) is the voltage of the VINI pin when the voltage of the DOP pin is "H" after the VINI pin voltage has been gradually increased starting at the initial status.

#### 2. 4 Overcurrent Detection Voltage 2 ( $V_{IOV2}$ )

Overcurrent detection voltage 2 ( $V_{IOV2}$ ) is the voltage of the VINI pin when the voltage of the DOP pin is "H" after the voltage of the CDT pin was set to  $V_{SS}$  following the initial status and the voltage of the VINI pin has been gradually decreased.

#### 2. 5 Overcurrent Detection Voltage 3 ( $V_{IOV3}$ )

Overcurrent detection voltage 3 ( $V_{IOV3}$ ) is the voltage difference between  $V_{VC1}$  and  $V_{VMP}$  ( $V_{VC1} - V_{VMP}$ ) when the voltage of the DOP pin is "H" after the VMP voltage has been gradually decreased starting at the initial status.

## **2. 6 CTL Input Voltage “H” ( $V_{CTLH}$ ), CTL Input Voltage “L” ( $V_{CTLL}$ )**

The CTL input voltage “H” ( $V_{CTLH}$ ) is the voltage of CTL when the voltages at the COP and DOP pins are “H” after the CTL voltage has been gradually increased starting at the initial status. The CTL input voltage “L” ( $V_{CTLL}$ ) is the voltage of CTL when the voltages at the COP and DOP pins are “L” after the CTL voltage has been gradually decreased.

## **2. 7 SEL Input Voltage “H” ( $V_{SE LH}$ ), SEL Input Voltage “L” ( $V_{SELL}$ )**

Apply 0 V to V4 in the initial status and confirm that the DOP pin is “H”. The SEL input voltage “L” ( $V_{SELL}$ ) is the voltage of the SEL pin when the voltage at the DOP pin is “L” after the SEL voltage has been gradually decreased. The SEL input voltage “H” ( $V_{SE LH}$ ) is the voltage of the SEL pin when the voltage of the DOP pin is “H” after the SEL voltage has been gradually increased.

## **3. Overcharge Detection Delay Time, Overdischarge Detection Delay Time, Overcurrent Detection Delay Time 1, Overcurrent Detection Delay Time 2, Overcurrent Detection Delay Time 3 (Test circuit 3)**

Confirm that the COP pin and DOP pin are “L” when  $V_{VMP} = V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{INI} = V_{SS}$ , and  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5$  V (this status is referred to as the initial status).

### **3. 1 Overcharge Detection Delay Time ( $t_{CU}$ )**

The overcharge detection delay time ( $t_{CU}$ ) is the time it takes for the voltage of the COP pin to change from “L” to “H” after the voltage of V1 is instantaneously changed to 4.5 V from the initial status.

### **3. 2 Overdischarge Detection Delay Time ( $t_{DL}$ )**

The overdischarge detection delay time ( $t_{DL}$ ) is the time it takes for the voltage of the DOP pin to change from “L” to “H” after the voltage of V1 is instantaneously changed to 1.5 V from the initial status.

### **3. 3 Overcurrent Detection Delay Time 1 ( $t_{IOV1}$ )**

Overcurrent detection delay time 1 ( $t_{IOV1}$ ) is the time it takes for the voltage of the DOP pin to change from “L” to “H” after the voltage of the VINI pin is instantaneously changed to 0.4 V from the initial status.

### **3. 4 Overcurrent Detection Delay Time 2 ( $t_{IOV2}$ )**

Overcurrent detection delay time 2 ( $t_{IOV2}$ ) is the time it takes for the voltage of the DOP pin to change from “L” to “H” after the voltage of the VINI pin is instantaneously changed to  $V_{IOV2 \text{ max.}} + 0.2$  V from the initial status.

### **3. 5 Overcurrent Detection Delay Time 3 ( $t_{IOV3}$ )**

Overcurrent detection delay time 3 ( $t_{IOV3}$ ) is the time it takes for the voltage of the DOP pin to change from “L” to “H” after the voltage of the VMP pin is instantaneously changed to  $V_{IOV3 \text{ min.}} - 0.2$  V from the initial status.

**4. 0 V Battery Charge Starting Charger Voltage (Product with 0 V Battery Charge Function), 0 V Battery Charge Inhibition Battery Voltage (Product with 0 V Battery Charge Inhibition Function) (Test circuit 4)**

Either the 0 V battery charge starting charger voltage or the 0 V battery charge inhibition battery voltage is applied to each product according to the 0 V battery charge function.

**4. 1 0 V Battery Charge Starting Charger Voltage ( $V_{0CHA}$ ) (Product with 0 V Battery Charge Function)**

The starting condition is  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 0\text{ V}$  for a product in which 0 V battery charging is available. The COP pin voltage should be lower than  $V_{0CHA\text{ max.}} - 1\text{ V}$  when the VMP pin voltage  $V_{VMP} = V_{0CHA\text{ max.}}$

**4. 2 0 V Battery Charge Inhibition Battery Voltage ( $V_{0INH}$ ) (Product with 0 V Battery Charge Inhibition Function)**

The starting condition is  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = V_{0INH}$  for a product in which 0 V battery charging is inhibited. The COP pin voltage should be higher than  $V_{VMP} - 1\text{ V}$  when the VMP pin voltage  $V_{VMP} = 24\text{ V}$ .

**5. Resistance between VMP and VDD, Resistance between VMP and VSS, VC1 Pin Current, VC2 Pin Current, VC3 Pin Current, VC4 Pin Current, CTL pin Current “H”, CTL Pin Current “L”, SEL Pin Current “H”, SEL Pin Current “L”, COP Pin Leakage Current, COP Pin Sink Current, DOP Pin Source Current, DOP Pin Sink Current (Test circuit 5)**

$V_{VMP} = V_{SEL} = V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{INI} = V_{CTL} = V_{SS}$ ,  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 3.5\text{ V}$ , and other pins left “open” (this status is referred to as the initial status).

**5. 1 Resistance between VMP and VDD ( $R_{VMD}$ )**

The resistance between VMP and VDD ( $R_{VMD}$ ) is obtained from  $R_{VMD} = V_{DD} / I_{VMD}$  using the current value of the VMP pin ( $I_{VMD}$ ) when  $V_{VMP}$  is  $V_{SS}$  after the initial status.

**5. 2 Resistance between VMP and VSS ( $R_{VMS}$ )**

The resistance between VMP and VSS ( $R_{VMS}$ ) is obtained from  $R_{VMS} = V_{DD} / I_{VMS}$  using the current value of the VMP pin ( $I_{VMS}$ ) when  $V1 = V2 = V3 = V4 = 1.8\text{ V}$  after the initial status.

**5. 3 VC1 Pin Current ( $I_{VC1}$ ), VC2 Pin Current ( $I_{VC2}$ ), VC3 Pin Current ( $I_{VC3}$ ), VC4 Pin Current ( $I_{VC4}$ )**

At the initial status, the current that flows through the VC1 pin is the VC1 pin current ( $I_{VC1}$ ), the current that flows through the VC2 pin is the VC2 pin current ( $I_{VC2}$ ), the current that flows through the VC3 pin is the VC3 pin current ( $I_{VC3}$ ), and the current that flows through the VC4 pin is the VC4 pin current ( $I_{VC4}$ ).

**5. 4 CTL pin Current “H” ( $I_{CTLH}$ ), CTL Pin Current “L” ( $I_{CTLL}$ )**

In the initial status, the current that flows through the CTL pin is the CTL pin current “L” ( $I_{CTLL}$ ), after that, when  $V_{CTL} = V_{DD}$ , the current that flows through the CTL pin is the CTL pin current “H” ( $I_{CTLH}$ ).

**5. 5 SEL Pin Current “H” ( $I_{SELH}$ ), SEL Pin Current “L” ( $I_{SELL}$ )**

In the initial status, the current that flows through the SEL pin is the SEL pin current “H” ( $I_{SELH}$ ), after that, when  $V_{SEL} = V_{SS}$ , the current that flows through the SEL pin is the SEL pin current “L” ( $I_{SELL}$ ).

### 5. 6 COP Pin Leakage Current ( $I_{COH}$ ), COP Pin Sink Current ( $I_{COL}$ )

The COP pin sink current ( $I_{COL}$ ) is the current that flows through the COP pin when  $V_{COP} = V_{SS} + 0.5 \text{ V}$  after the initial status. After that, the current that flows through the COP pin when  $V_1 = V_2 = V_3 = V_4 = 6 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{COP} = V_{DD}$  is the COP pin leakage current ( $I_{COH}$ ).

### 5. 7 DOP Pin Source Current ( $I_{DOH}$ ), DOP Pin Sink Current ( $I_{DOL}$ )

The DOP pin sink current ( $I_{DOL}$ ) is the current that flows through the DOP pin when  $V_{DOP} = V_{SS} + 0.5 \text{ V}$  after the initial status. After that, the current that flows through the DOP pin when  $V_{VMP} = V_{DD} - 2 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{DOP} = V_{DD} - 0.5 \text{ V}$  is the DOP pin source current ( $I_{DOH}$ ).

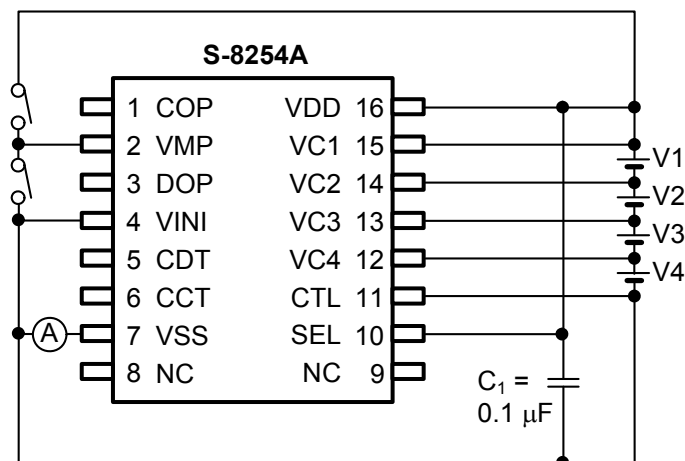


Figure 4 Test Circuit 1

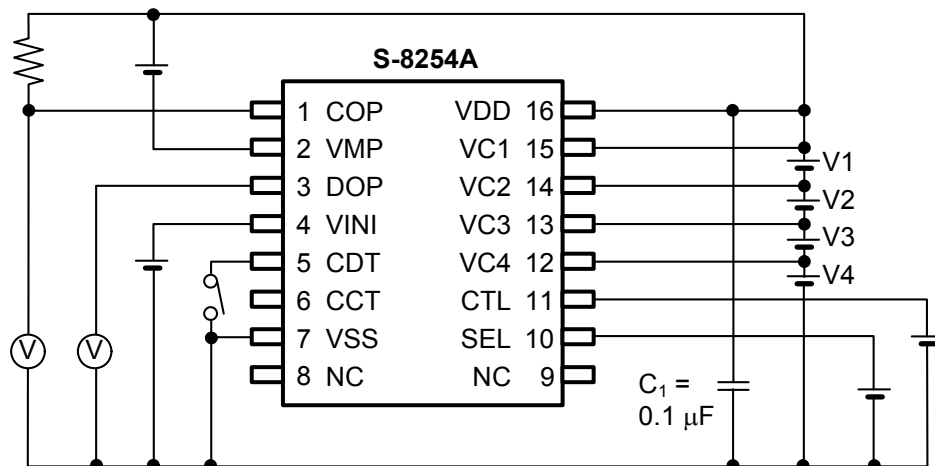


Figure 5 Test Circuit 2

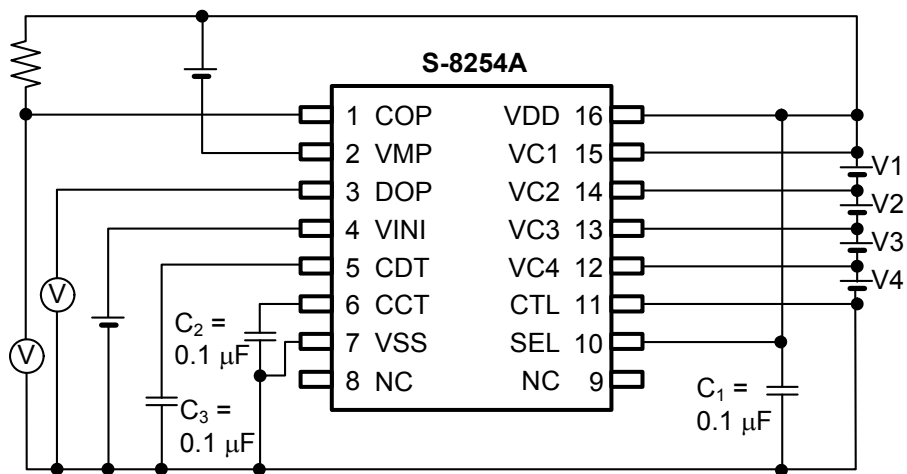


**Figure 6 Test Circuit 3**

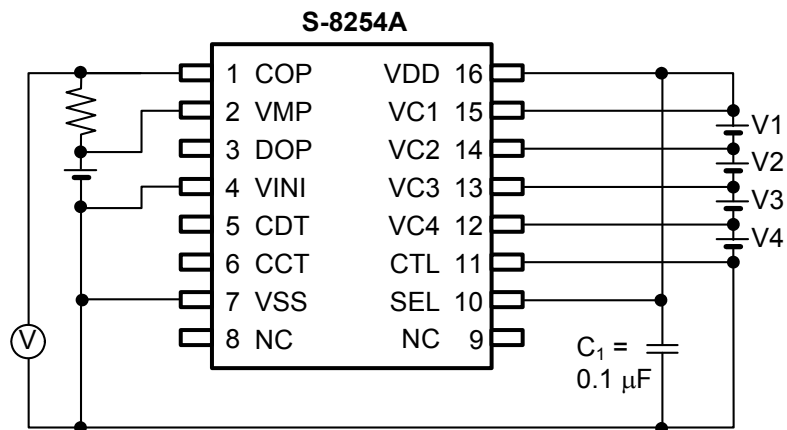


**Figure 7 Test Circuit 4**

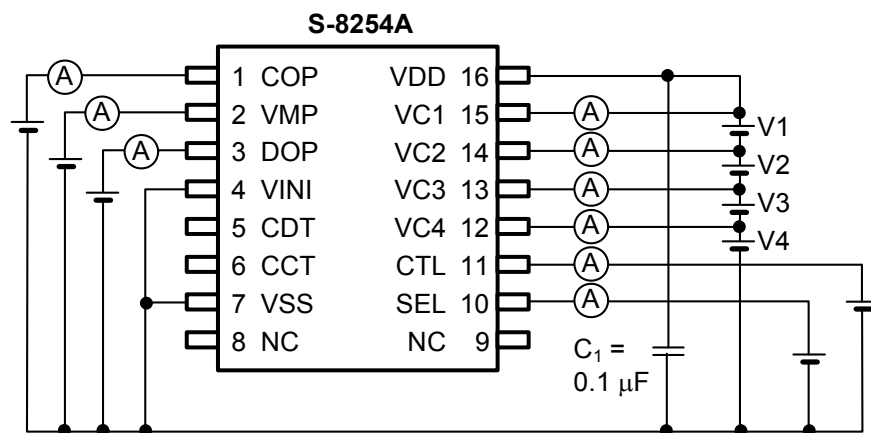


**Figure 8 Test Circuit 5**

## ■ Operation

**Remark** Refer to “■ Battery Protection IC Connection Example”.

### 1. Normal Status

When the voltage of each of the batteries is in the range from  $V_{DLn}$  to  $V_{CUn}$  and the discharge current is lower than the specified value (the VINI pin voltage is lower than  $V_{IOV1}$  and  $V_{IOV2}$ , and the VMP pin voltage is higher than  $V_{IOV3}$ ), the charging and discharging FETs are turned on.

### 2. Overcharge Status

When the voltage of one of the batteries becomes higher than  $V_{CUn}$  and the state continues for  $t_{CU}$  or longer, the COP pin becomes high impedance. The COP pin is pulled up to the EB+ pin voltage by an external resistor, and the charging FET is turned off to stop charging. This is called the overcharge status. The overcharge status is released when one of the following two conditions holds.

- (1) The voltage of each of the batteries becomes  $V_{CLn}$  or lower.
- (2) The voltage of each of the batteries is  $V_{CUn}$  or lower, and the VMP pin voltage is  $39 / 40 \times V_{DD}$  or lower (a load is connected and discharging is started via the body diode of the charging FET).

### 3. Overdischarge Status

When the voltage of one of the batteries becomes lower than  $V_{DLn}$  and the state continues for  $t_{DL}$  or longer, the DOP pin voltage becomes  $V_{DD}$  level, and the discharging FET is turned off to stop discharging. This is called the overdischarge status.

#### 3.1 Power-down Function

When the overdischarge status is reached, the VMP pin is pulled down to the  $V_{SS}$  level by the internal  $R_{VMS}$  resistor of the IC. When the VMP pin voltage is  $V_{DD} / 2$  or lower, the power-down function starts to operate and almost every circuit in the S-8254A Series stops working. The conditions of each output pin are as follows.

- (1) COP pin : High-Z
- (2) DOP pin :  $V_{DD}$

The power-down function is released when the following condition holds.

- (1) The VMP pin voltage is  $V_{DD} / 2$  or higher.

The overdischarge status is released when the following two conditions hold.

- (1) In case the VMP pin voltage is  $V_{DD} / 2$  or higher and the VMP pin voltage is lower than  $V_{DD}$ , the overdischarge status is released when the voltage of each of the batteries is  $V_{DU n}$  or higher.
- (2) In case a charger is connected, the overdischarge hysteresis is released. And the overdischarge status is released when the voltage of each of the batteries is  $V_{DLn}$  or higher.

#### 4. Overcurrent Status

The S-8254A Series has three overcurrent detection levels ( $V_{IOV1}$ ,  $V_{IOV2}$ , and  $V_{IOV3}$ ) and three overcurrent detection delay times ( $t_{IOV1}$ ,  $t_{IOV2}$ , and  $t_{IOV3}$ ) corresponding to each overcurrent detection level. When the discharging current becomes higher than the specified value (the voltage between  $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{INI}$  is greater than  $V_{IOV1}$ ) and the state continues for  $t_{IOV1}$  or longer, the S-8254A Series enters the overcurrent status, in which the DOP pin voltage becomes  $V_{DD}$  level to turn off the discharging FET to stop discharging, the COP pin becomes high impedance and is pulled up to the  $EB+$  pin voltage to turn off the charging FET to stop charging, and the VMP pin is pulled up to the  $V_{DD}$  voltage by the internal resistor ( $R_{VMD}$ ). Operation of overcurrent detection level 2 ( $V_{IOV2}$ ) and overcurrent detection delay time 2 ( $t_{IOV2}$ ) is the same as for  $V_{IOV1}$  and  $t_{IOV1}$ .

In the overcurrent status, the VMP pin is pulled up to the  $V_{DD}$  level by the internal resistor in the IC ( $R_{VMD}$  resistor). The overcurrent status is released when the following condition holds.

- (1) The VMP pin voltage is  $V_{IOV3}$  or higher because a charger is connected or the load (30 M $\Omega$  or more) is released.

#### 5. 0 V Battery Charge Function

Regarding the charging of a self-discharged battery (0 V battery), the S-8254A Series has two functions from which one should be selected.

- (1) 0 V battery charging is allowed (0 V battery charging is available.)  
When the charger voltage is higher than  $V_{0CHA}$ , the 0 V battery can be charged.
- (2) 0 V battery charging is prohibited (0 V battery charging is unavailable.)  
When the battery voltage is  $V_{0INH}$  or lower, the 0 V battery cannot be charged.

**Caution** When the VDD pin voltage is lower than the minimum value of  $V_{DSOP}$ , the operation of the S-8254A Series is not guaranteed.

#### 6. Delay Time Setting

The overcharge detection delay time ( $t_{CU}$ ) is determined by the external capacitor connected to the CCT pin. The overdischarge detection delay time ( $t_{DL}$ ) and overcurrent detection delay time 1 ( $t_{IOV1}$ ) are determined by the external capacitor connected to the CDT pin. Overcurrent detection delay times 2 and 3 ( $t_{IOV2}$ ,  $t_{IOV3}$ ) are fixed internally.

|                  |        |       |       |                             |
|------------------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
|                  | min.   | typ.  | max.  |                             |
| $t_{CU}$ [s] =   | (5.00, | 10.0, | 15.0) | $\times C_{CCT}$ [ $\mu$ F] |
| $t_{DL}$ [s] =   | (0.50, | 1.00, | 1.50) | $\times C_{CDT}$ [ $\mu$ F] |
| $t_{IOV1}$ [s] = | (0.05, | 0.10, | 0.15) | $\times C_{CDT}$ [ $\mu$ F] |

#### 7. CTL Pin

The S-8254A Series has control pins. The CTL pin is used to control the COP and DOP pin output voltages. CTL pin takes precedence over the battery protection circuit.

**Table 5 Conditions Set by CTL Pin**

| CTL Pin | COP Pin          | DOP Pin          |
|---------|------------------|------------------|
| High    | High-Z           | $V_{DD}$         |
| Open    | High-Z           | $V_{DD}$         |
| Low     | Normal status *1 | Normal status *1 |

\*1. The status is controlled by the voltage detector.

**Caution** Please note unexpected behavior might occur when electrical potential difference between the CTL pin ('L' level) and  $V_{SS}$  is generated through the external filter ( $R_{VSS}$  and  $C_{VSS}$ ) as a result of input voltage fluctuations.

**8. SEL pin**

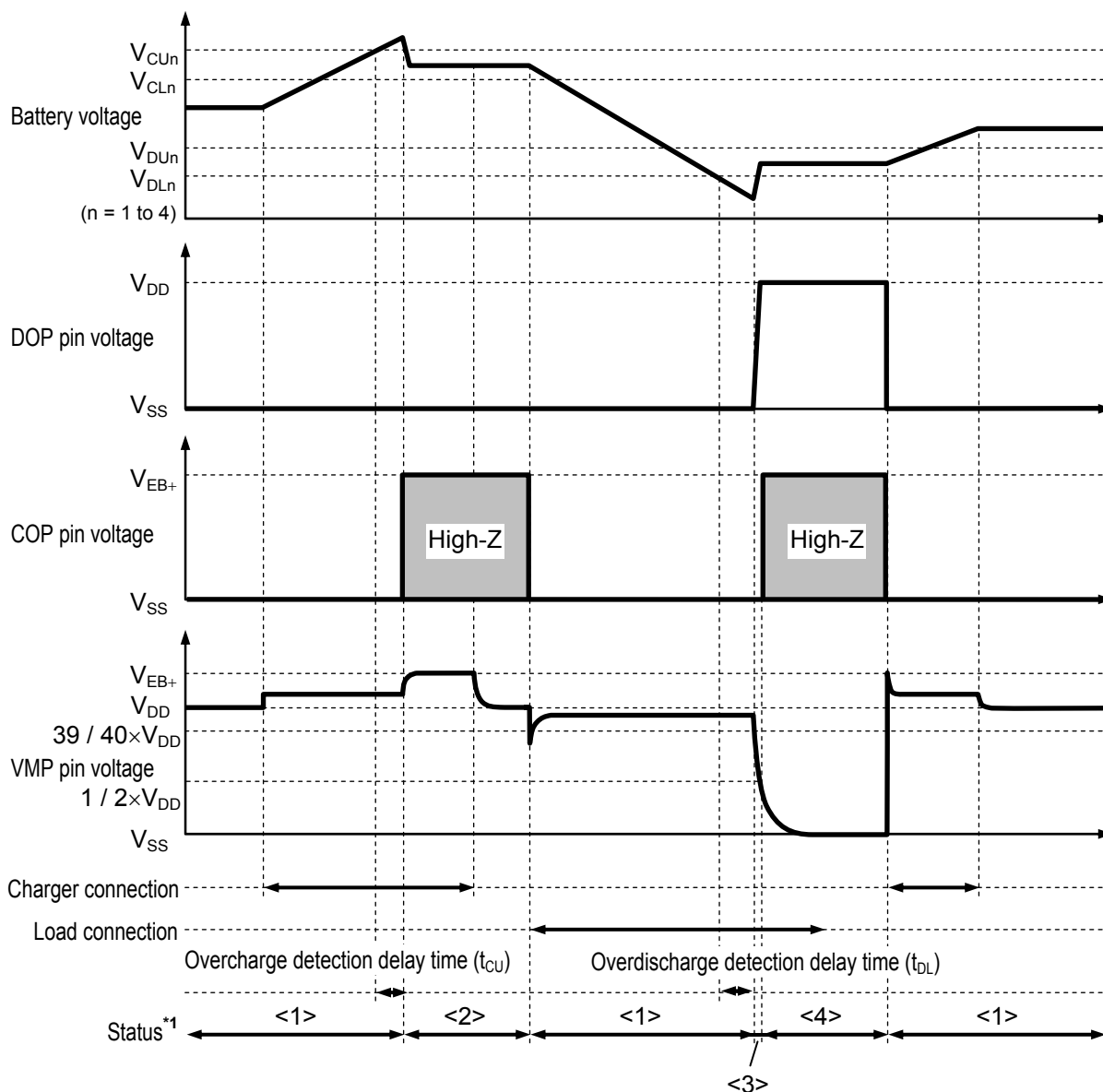
The S-8254A Series has control pins. The SEL pin is used to switch between 3-cell and 4-cell protection. When the SEL pin is low, overdischarge detection of the V4 cell is prohibited and an overdischarge is not detected even if the V4 cell is shorted, therefore, the V4 cell can be used for 3-cell protection. The SEL pin takes precedence over the battery protection circuit. Use the SEL pin at high or low.

**Table 6 Conditions Set by SEL Pin**

| SEL Pin | Condition         |
|---------|-------------------|
| High    | 4-cell protection |
| Open    | Undefined         |
| Low     | 3-cell protection |

## ■ Timing Chart

### 1. Overcharge Detection and Overdischarge Detection

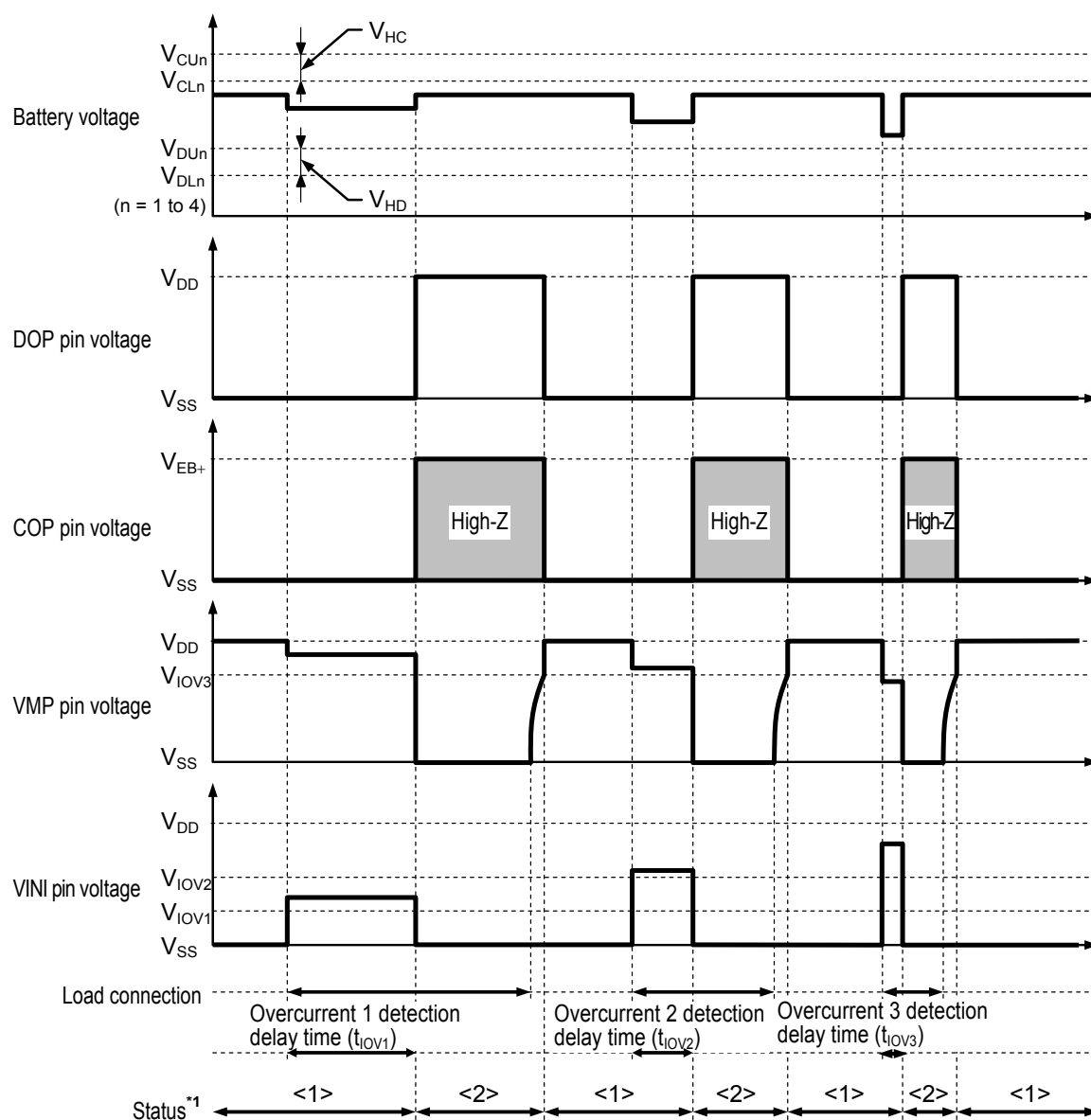


- \*1. < 1 > : Normal status  
 < 2 > : Overcharge status  
 < 3 > : Overdischarge status  
 < 4 > : Power-down status

**Remark** The charger is assumed to charge with a constant current.  $V_{EB+}$  indicates the open voltage of the charger.

Figure 9

## 2. Overcurrent detection



\*1.  $\langle 1 \rangle$  : Normal status  
 $\langle 2 \rangle$  : Overcurrent status

**Remark** The charger is assumed to charge with a constant current.  $V_{EB+}$  indicates the open voltage of the charger.

**Figure 10**

## ■ Battery Protection IC Connection Example

### 1. 3-serial Cell

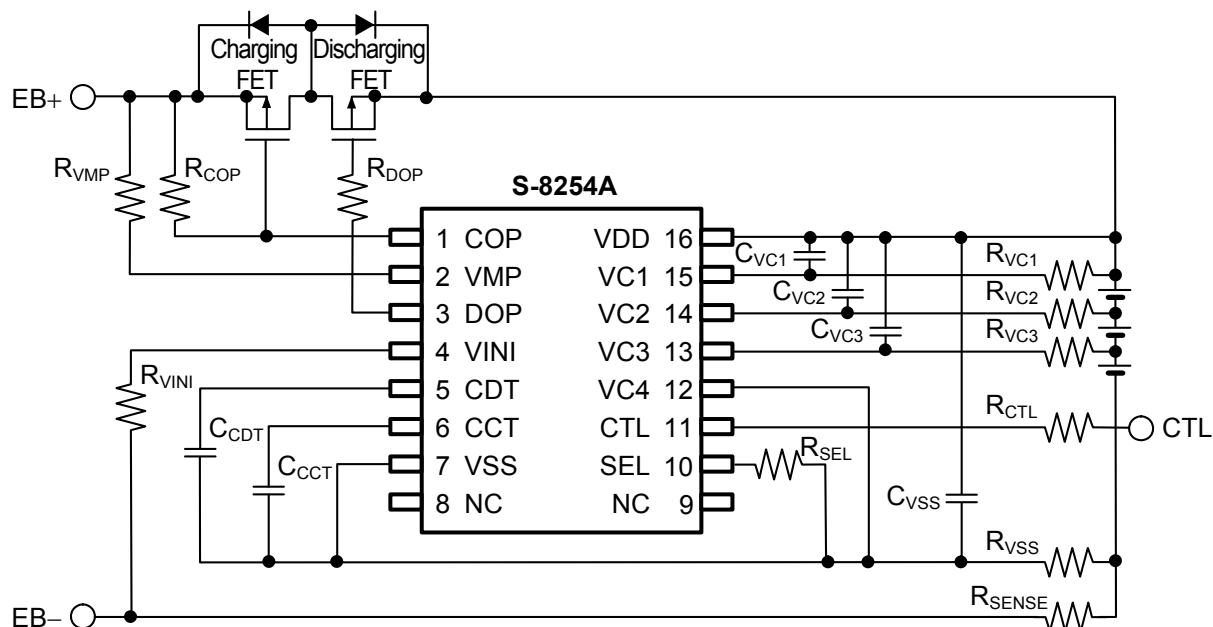


Figure 11

### 2. 4-serial Cell

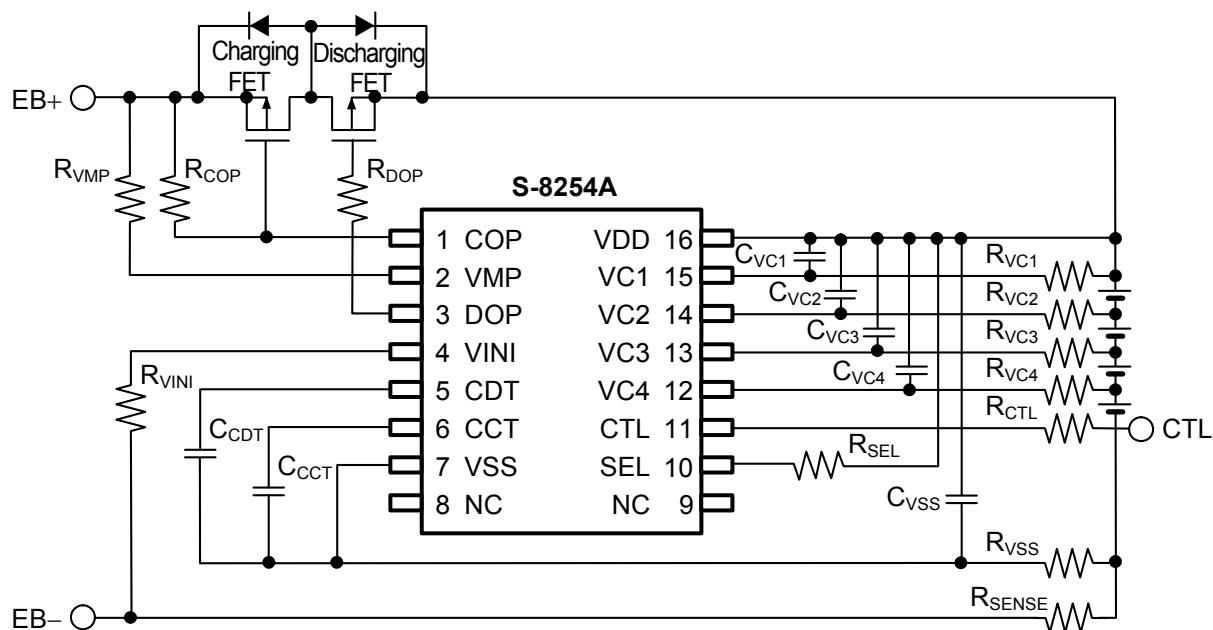


Figure 12

**Table 7 Constants for External Components**

| Symbol         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| $R_{VC1}^{*1}$ | 0    | 1    | 1    | kΩ   |
| $R_{VC2}^{*1}$ | 0    | 1    | 1    | kΩ   |
| $R_{VC3}^{*1}$ | 0    | 1    | 1    | kΩ   |
| $R_{VC4}^{*1}$ | 0    | 1    | 1    | kΩ   |
| $R_{DOP}$      | 2    | 5.1  | 10   | kΩ   |
| $R_{COP}$      | 0.1  | 1    | 1    | MΩ   |
| $R_{VMP}$      | 1    | 5.1  | 10   | kΩ   |
| $R_{CTL}$      | 1    | 1    | 100  | kΩ   |
| $R_{VINI}$     | 1    | 1    | 100  | kΩ   |
| $R_{SEL}$      | 1    | 1    | 100  | kΩ   |
| $R_{SENSE}$    | 0    | —    | —    | mΩ   |
| $R_{VSS}^{*1}$ | 10   | 51   | 51   | Ω    |
| $C_{VC1}^{*1}$ | 0    | 0.1  | 0.33 | μF   |
| $C_{VC2}^{*1}$ | 0    | 0.1  | 0.33 | μF   |
| $C_{VC3}^{*1}$ | 0    | 0.1  | 0.33 | μF   |
| $C_{VC4}^{*1}$ | 0    | 0.1  | 0.33 | μF   |
| $C_{CCT}$      | 0.01 | 0.1  | —    | μF   |
| $C_{CDT}$      | 0.07 | 0.1  | —    | μF   |
| $C_{VSS}^{*1}$ | 2.2  | 2.2  | 10   | μF   |

\*1. Please set up a filter constant to be  $R_{VSS} \times C_{VSS} \geq 51 \mu F \cdot \Omega$  and to be  $R_{VC1} \times C_{VC1} = R_{VC2} \times C_{VC2} = R_{VC3} \times C_{VC3} = R_{VC4} \times C_{VC4} = R_{VSS} \times C_{VSS}$ .

**Caution** 1. The above constants may be changed without notice.

2. It is recommended that filter constants between VDD and VSS should be set approximately to  $112 \mu F \cdot \Omega$ .

e.g.  $C_{VSS} \times R_{VSS} = 2.2 \mu F \times 51 \Omega = 112 \mu F \cdot \Omega$

Enough evaluation of transient power supply variation and overcurrent protection function in the actual application is needed to determine the proper constants. Contact our sales office in case the constants should be set to other than  $112 \mu F \cdot \Omega$  or so.

3. It has not been confirmed whether the operation is normal or not in circuits other than the above example of connection. In addition, the example of connection shown above and the constant do not guarantee proper operation. Perform thorough evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

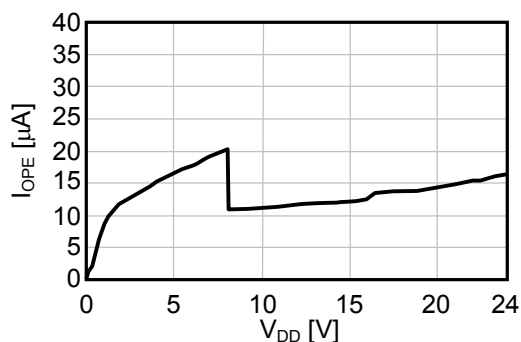
## ■ Precautions

- The application conditions for the input voltage, output voltage, and load current should not exceed the package power dissipation.
- Batteries can be connected in any order, however, there may be cases when discharging cannot be performed when a battery is connected. In this case, short the VMP pin and VDD pin or connect the battery charger to return to the normal status.
- When an overcharged battery and an overdischarged battery intermix, the circuit is in both the overcharge and overdischarge statuses, so charging and discharging are not possible.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- ABLIC Inc. claims no responsibility for any disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement by products including this IC of patents owned by a third party.

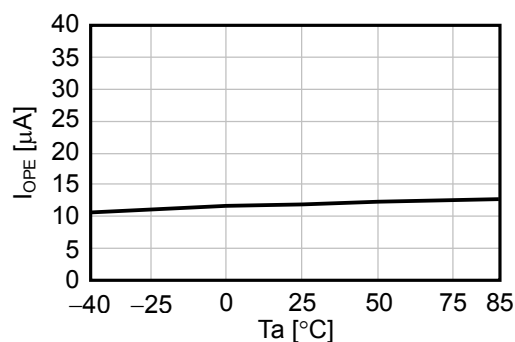
## ■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

### 1. Current Consumption

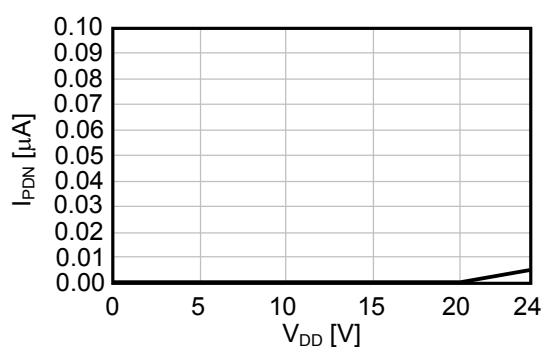
1. 1  $I_{OPE}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$



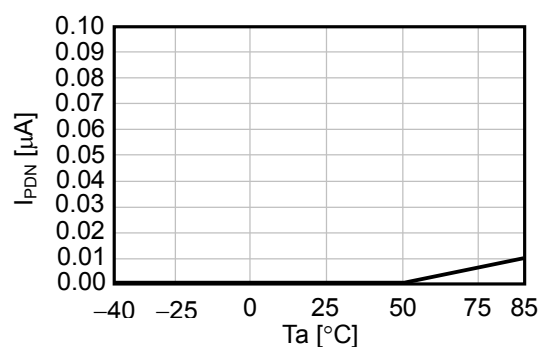
1. 2  $I_{OPE}$  vs.  $T_a$



1. 3  $I_{PDN}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$

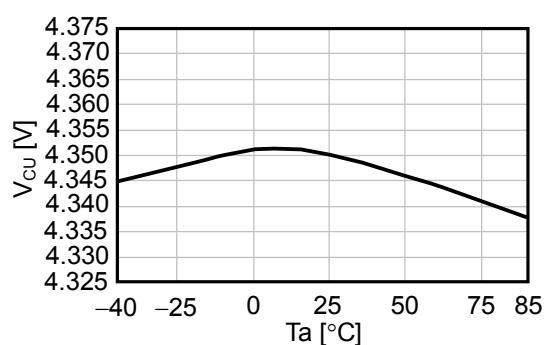


1. 4  $I_{PDN}$  vs.  $T_a$

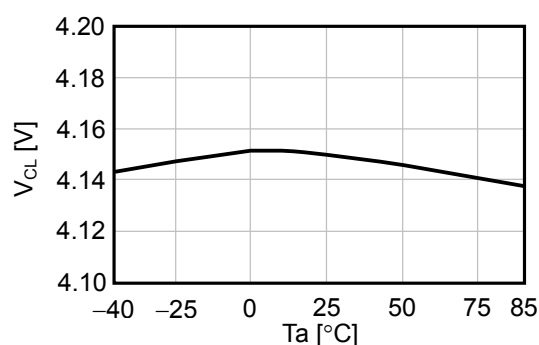


### 2. Overcharge Detection / Release Voltage, Overdischarge Detection / Release Voltage, Overcurrent Detection Voltage, and Delay Times

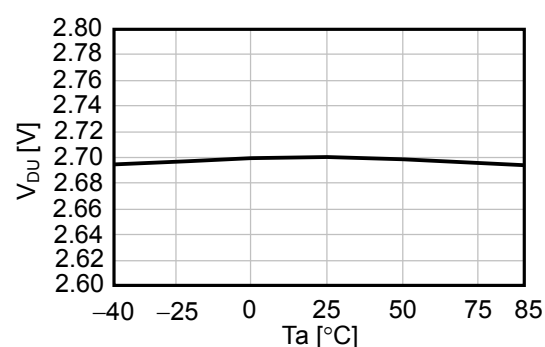
2. 1  $V_{CU}$  vs.  $T_a$



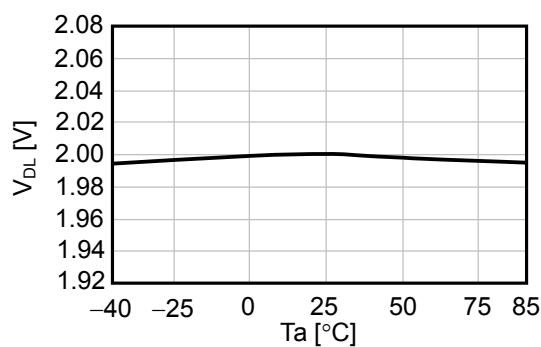
2. 2  $V_{CL}$  vs.  $T_a$



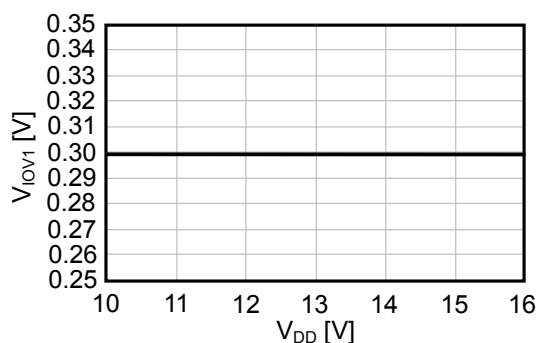
2. 3  $V_{DU}$  vs.  $T_a$



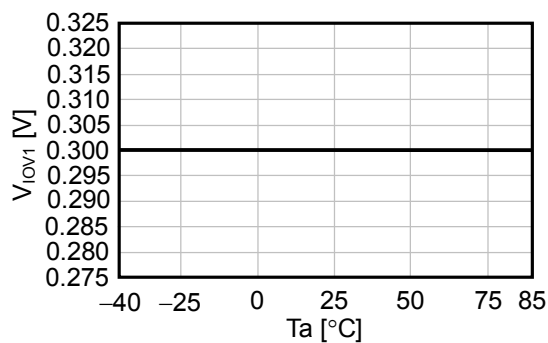
2. 4  $V_{DL}$  vs.  $T_a$



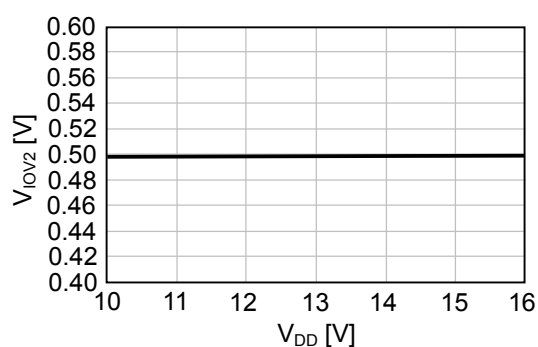
**2. 5  $V_{IOV1}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$**



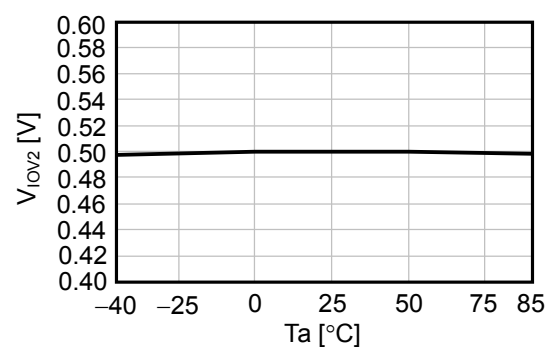
**2. 6  $V_{IOV1}$  vs.  $T_a$**



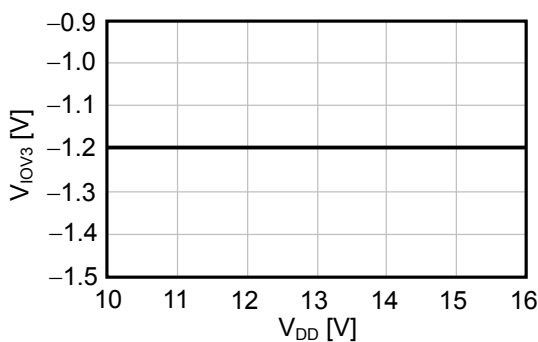
**2. 7  $V_{IOV2}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$**



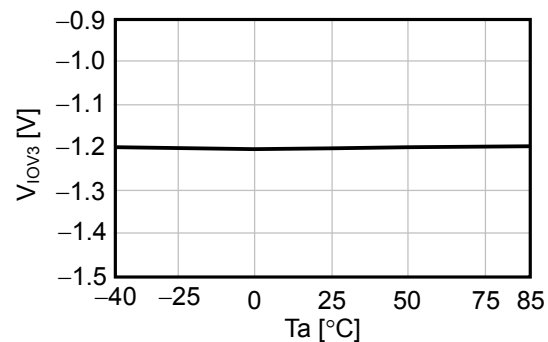
**2. 8  $V_{IOV2}$  vs.  $T_a$**



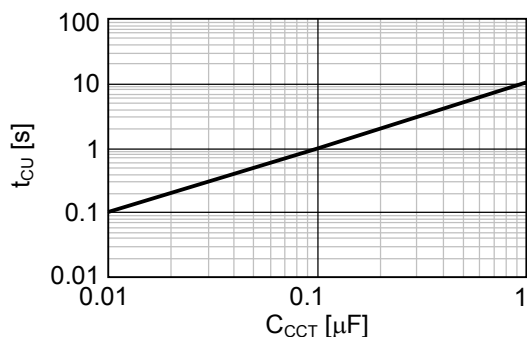
**2. 9  $V_{IOV3}$  vs.  $V_{DD}$**



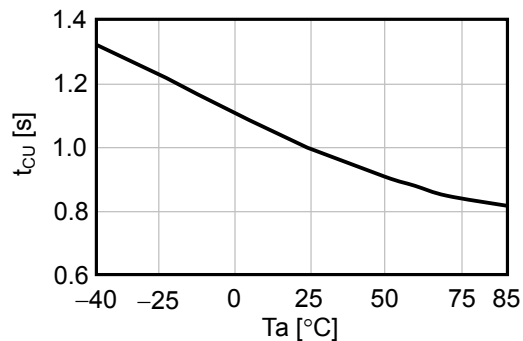
**2. 10  $V_{IOV3}$  vs.  $T_a$**



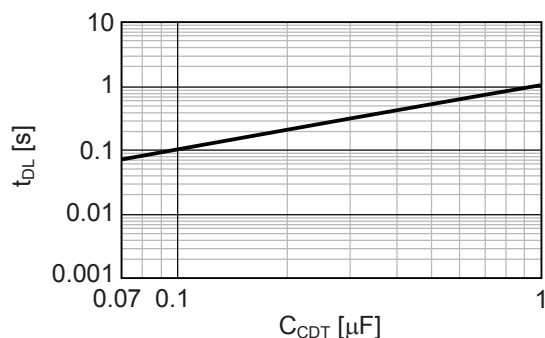
**2. 11  $t_{CU}$  vs.  $C_{CCT}$**



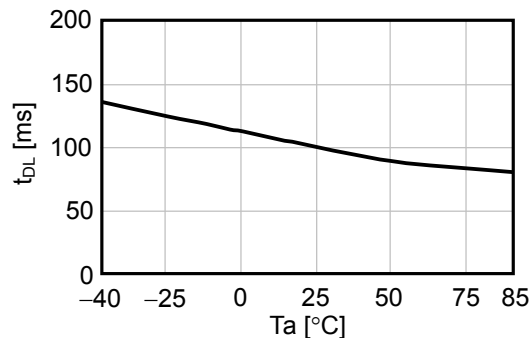
**2. 12  $t_{CU}$  vs.  $T_a$**



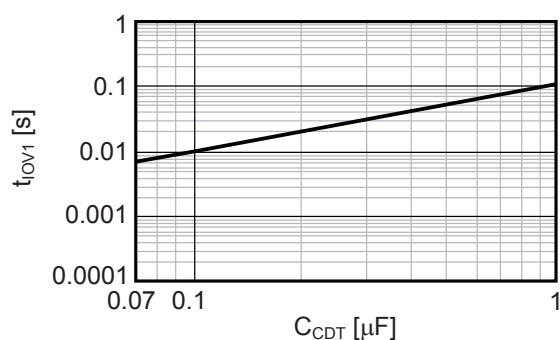
2. 13  $t_{DL}$  vs.  $C_{CDT}$



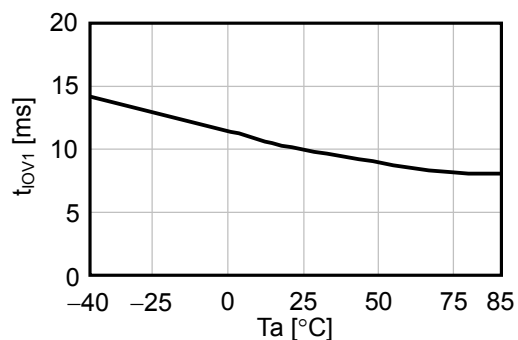
2. 14  $t_{DL}$  vs.  $T_a$



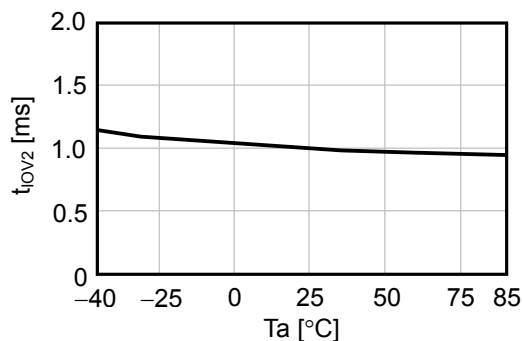
2. 15  $t_{IOV1}$  vs.  $C_{CDT}$



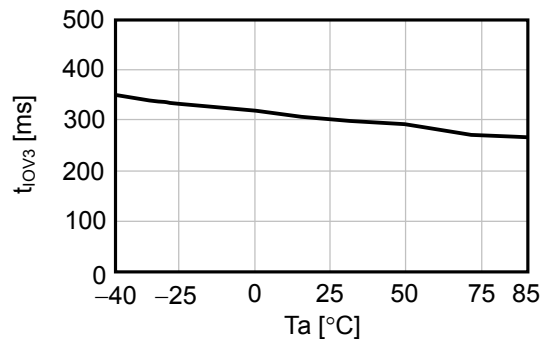
2. 16  $t_{IOV1}$  vs.  $T_a$



2. 17  $t_{IOV2}$  vs.  $T_a$

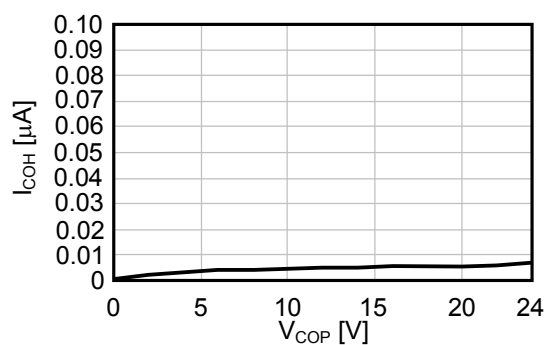


2. 18  $t_{IOV3}$  vs.  $T_a$

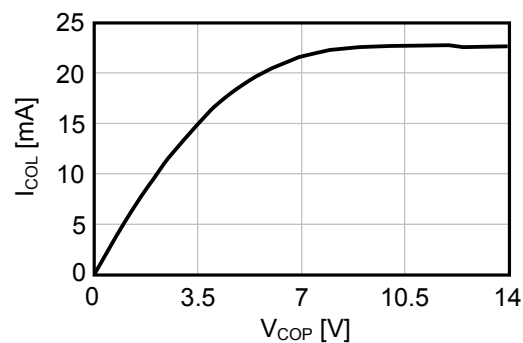


### 3. COP / DOP Pin

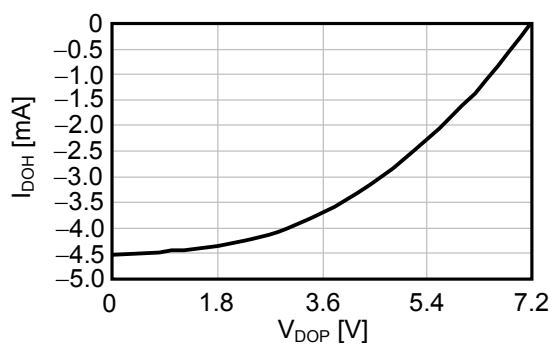
**3. 1  $I_{COH}$  vs.  $V_{COP}$**



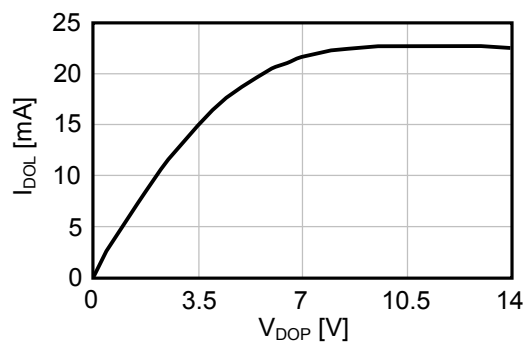
**3. 2  $I_{COL}$  vs.  $V_{COP}$**

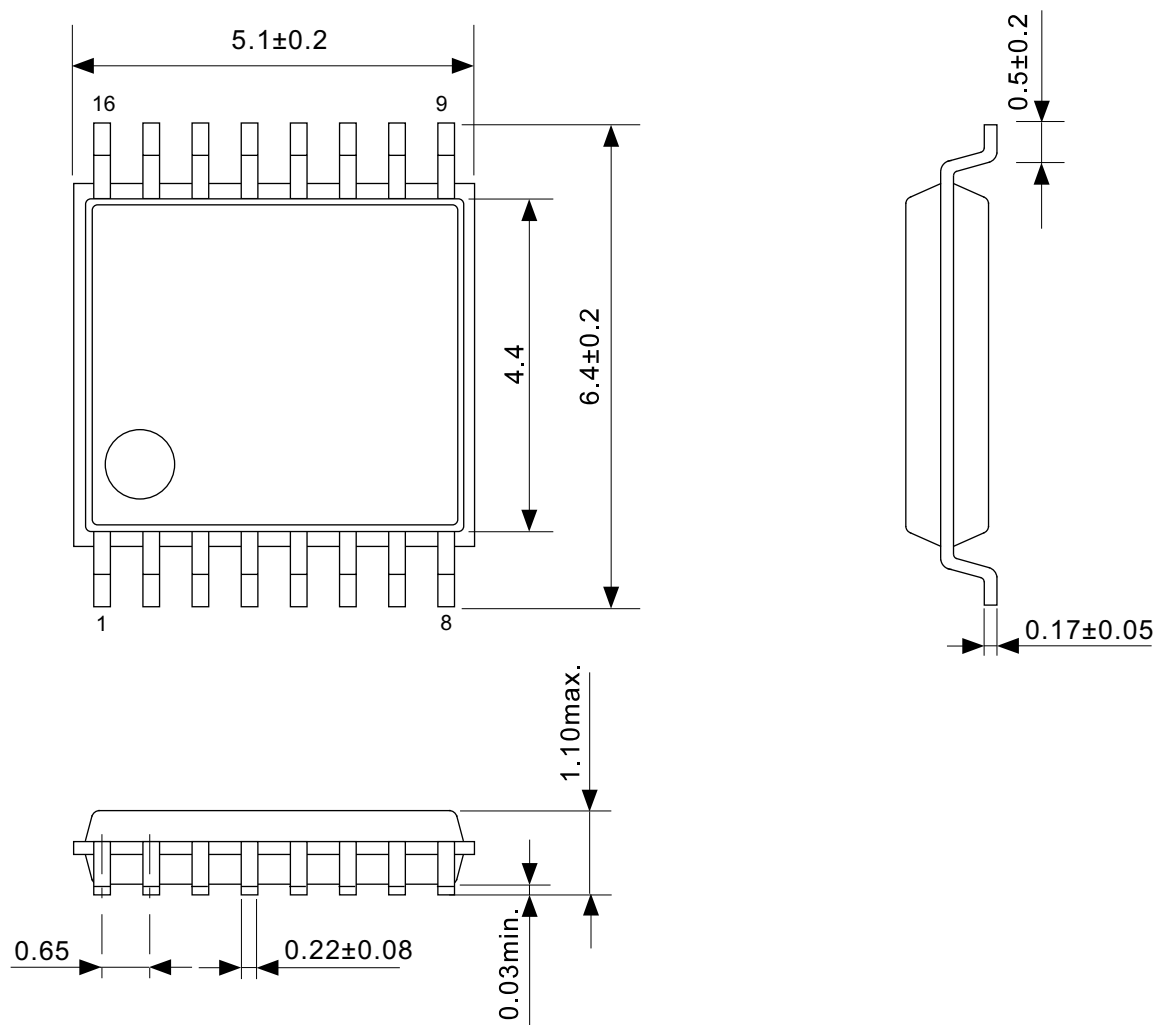


**3. 3  $I_{DOH}$  vs.  $V_{DOP}$**



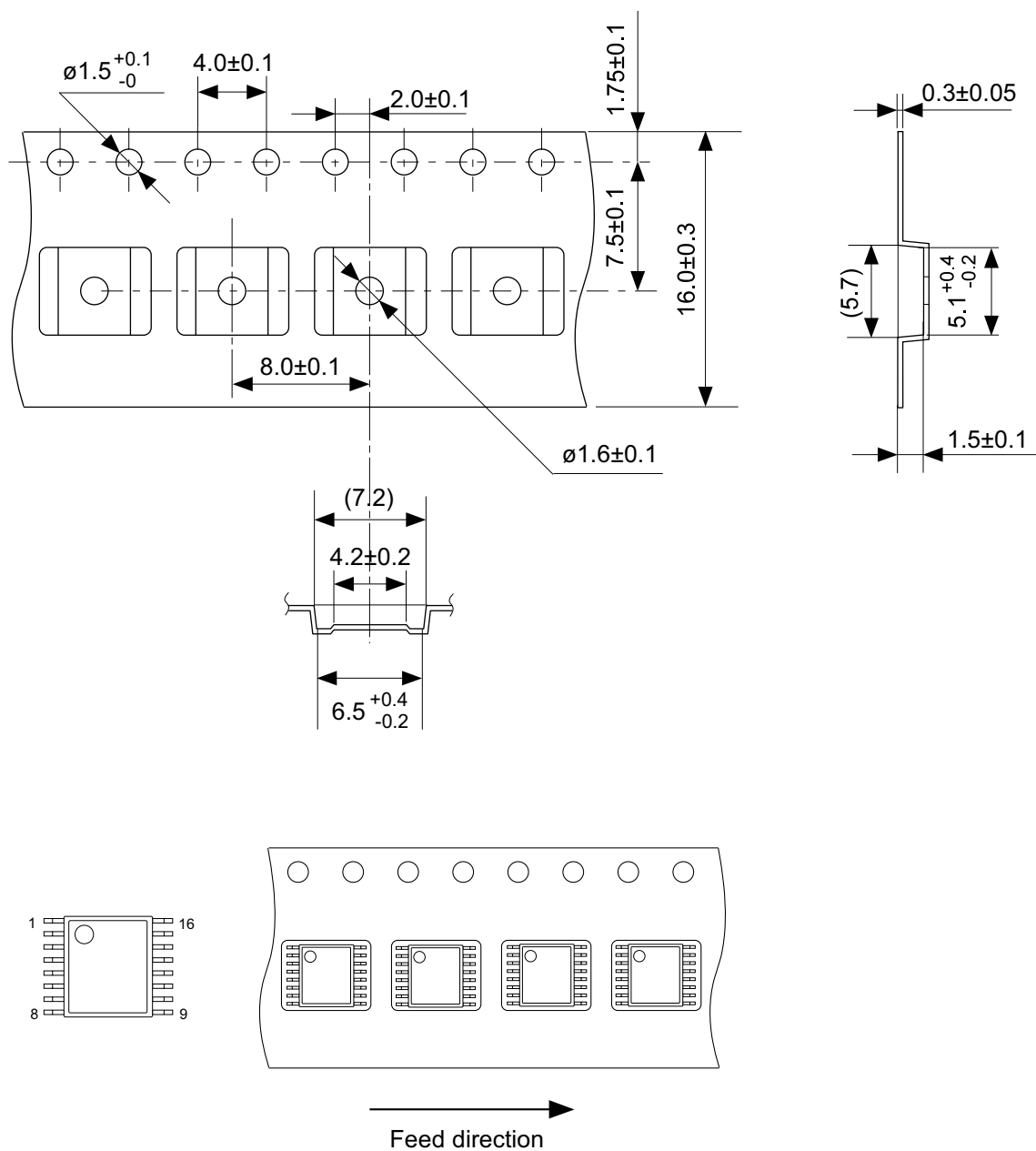
**3. 4  $I_{DOL}$  vs.  $V_{DOP}$**





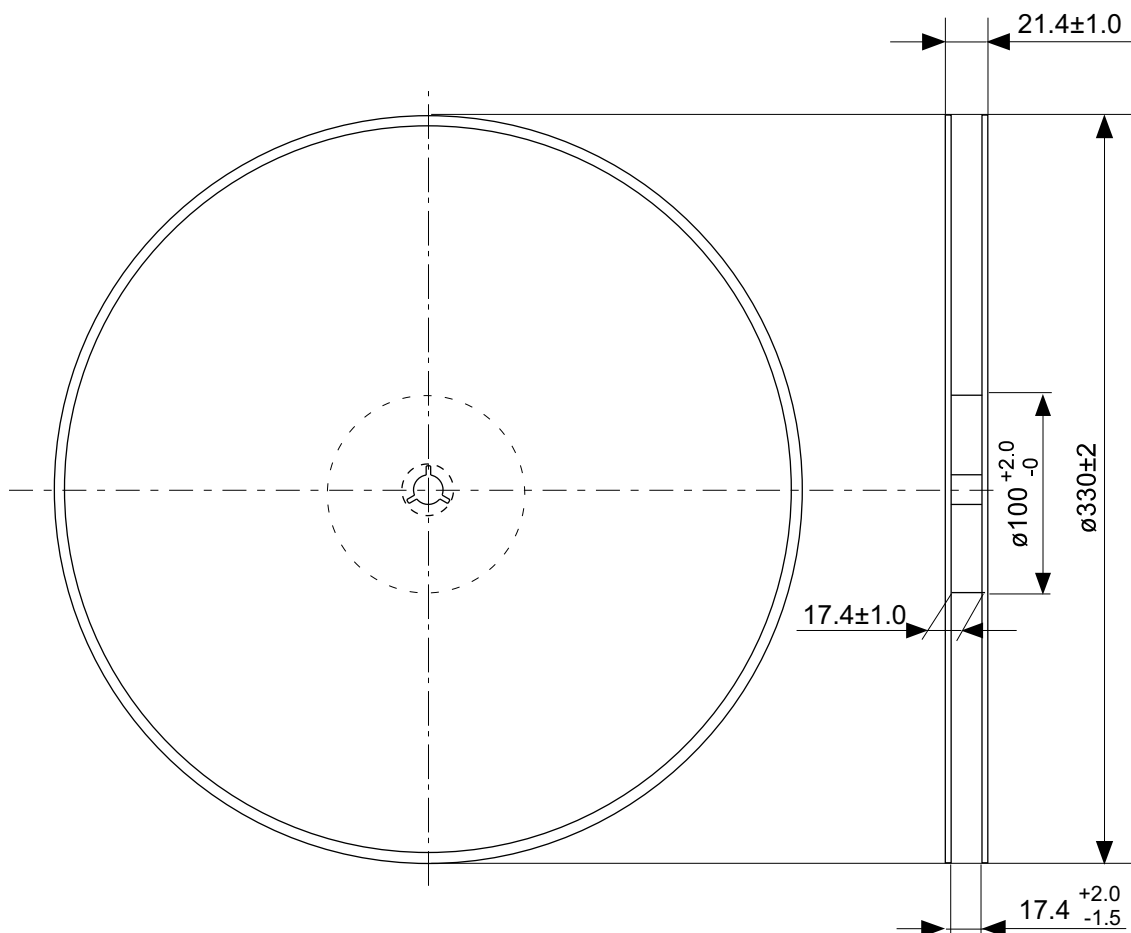
No. FT016-A-P-SD-1.2

|            |                                                                                       |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TITLE      | TSSOP16-A-PKG Dimensions                                                              |
| No.        | FT016-A-P-SD-1.2                                                                      |
| ANGLE      |  |
| UNIT       | mm                                                                                    |
|            |                                                                                       |
| ABLIC Inc. |                                                                                       |

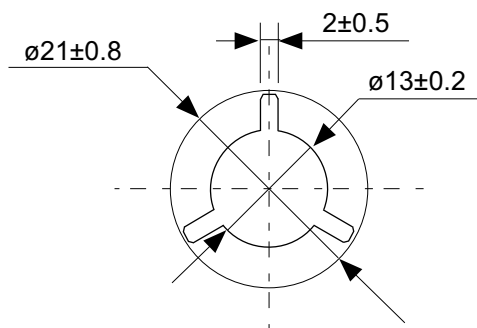


No. FT016-A-C-SD-1.1

|            |                        |
|------------|------------------------|
| TITLE      | TSSOP16-A-Carrier Tape |
| No.        | FT016-A-C-SD-1.1       |
| ANGLE      |                        |
| UNIT       | mm                     |
|            |                        |
| ABLIC Inc. |                        |

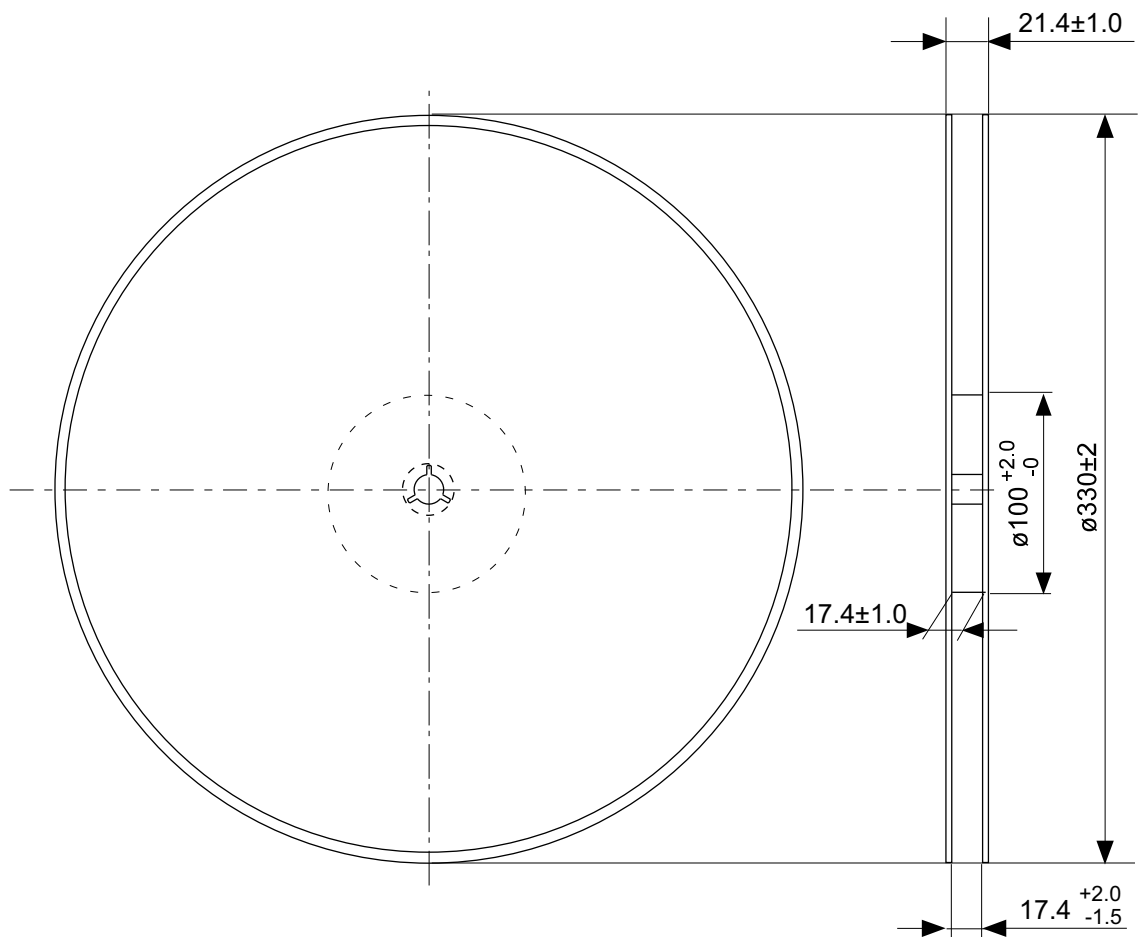


Enlarged drawing in the central part

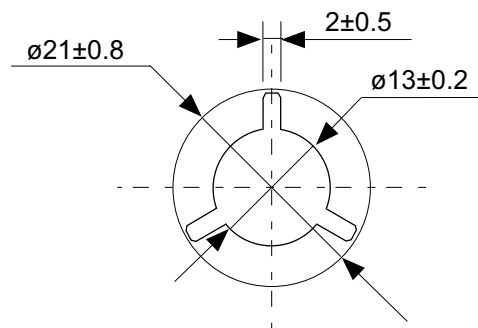


No. FT016-A-R-SD-2.0

|            |                  |      |       |
|------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE      | TSSOP16-A- Reel  |      |       |
| No.        | FT016-A-R-SD-2.0 |      |       |
| ANGLE      |                  | QTY. | 2,000 |
| UNIT       | mm               |      |       |
|            |                  |      |       |
| ABLIC Inc. |                  |      |       |



Enlarged drawing in the central part



No. FT016-A-R-S1-1.0

|            |                  |      |       |
|------------|------------------|------|-------|
| TITLE      | TSSOP16-A- Reel  |      |       |
| No.        | FT016-A-R-S1-1.0 |      |       |
| ANGLE      |                  | QTY. | 4,000 |
| UNIT       | mm               |      |       |
|            |                  |      |       |
| ABLIC Inc. |                  |      |       |

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